PROJECT MANAGEMENT 1

SANDOR MARKON, KOBE INSTITUTE OF COMPUTING

First lesson: basics

- * Self-introduction
- * What is Project Management?
- * Why do we need it?
- * Concepts, way of thinking
- * Tools
- * Practice

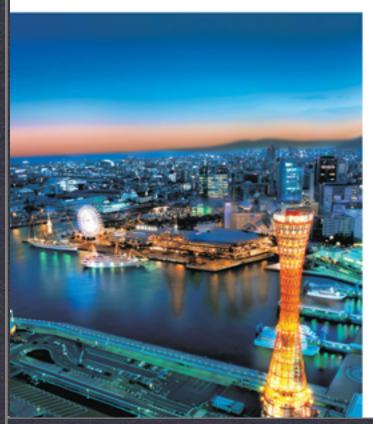


Lewis Hine, 1920. Power house mechanic working on steam pump. Wikimedia Commons



KITANO Street





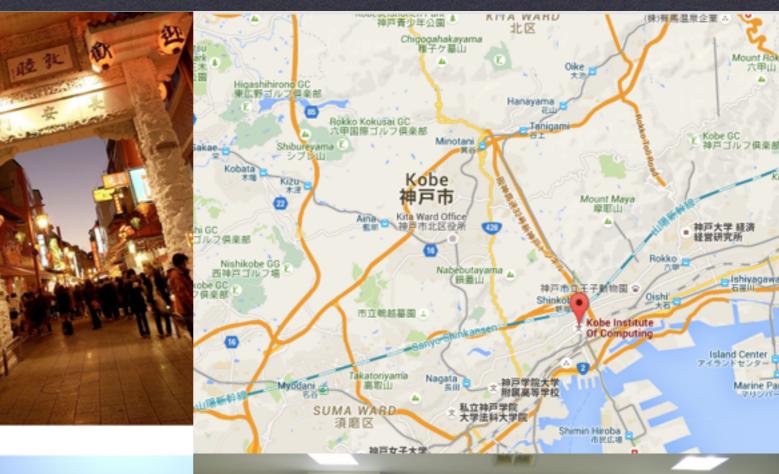


Nankinmachi



Harborland







KOBE INSTITUTE OF COMPUTING

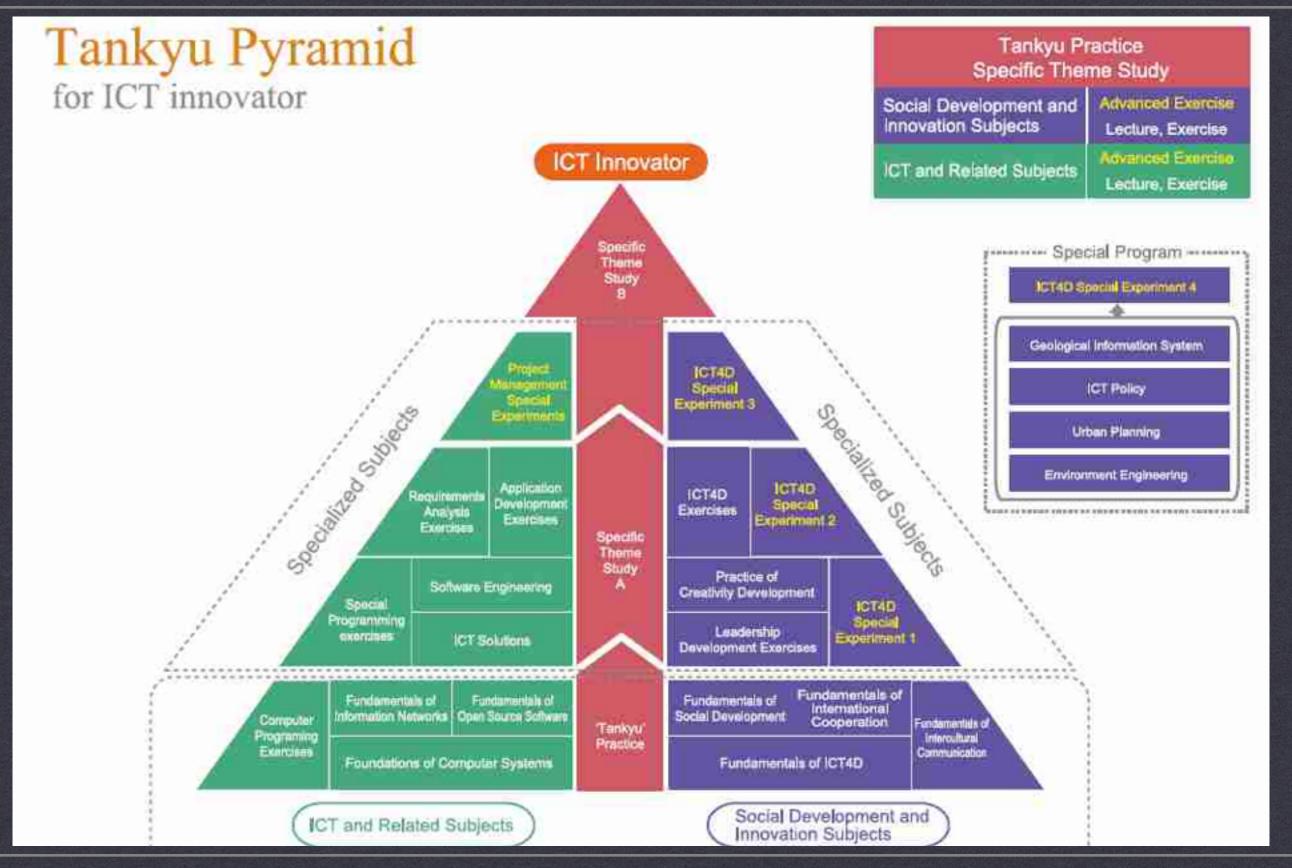
HTTP://ICT4D.KIC.AC.JP/EN

GRADUATE COURSE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY - ICT4D

KIC

- * Founded 56 years ago
- * First computer school in Japan
- * Graduate school founded in 2005
- * Masters' Program in ICT4D "ICT Innovators Program"





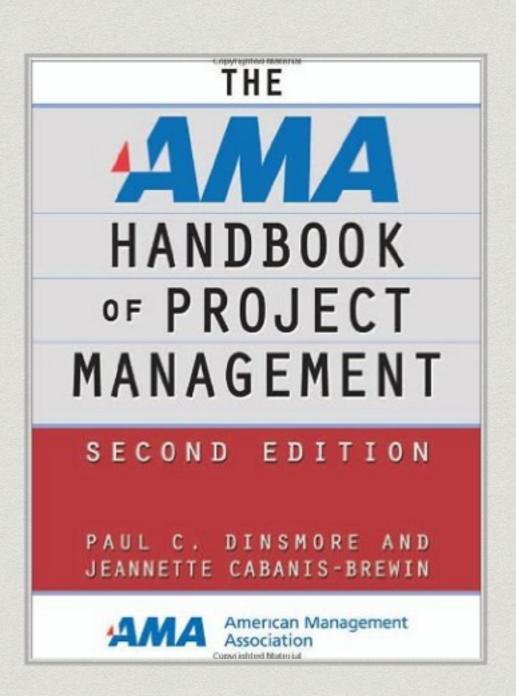
KIC'S EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM FOR ICT4D

BASED ON "TANKYU" (INQUIRY) METHOD

Project Management = ?

* Project management is the application of processes, methods, knowledge, skills and experience to achieve the **project** objectives.

https://www.apm.org.uk/



OK, so what is a Project?

- * A project is a unique, transient endeavour, undertaken to achieve planned objectives, which could be defined in terms of outputs, outcomes or benefits.
- * A project is usually deemed to be a success if it achieves the objectives according to their acceptance criteria, within an agreed timescale and budget.

https://www.apm.org.uk/



http://www.nasa.gov/centers/langley/news/factsheets/Apollo.html

Why do we need PM?

- * Bad things happen...
- * Projects can and do fail
- * No magic bullet, but others' experience helps
- * Go and find the book or website that fits you!

STEP BACK! WHAT DO | WANT?

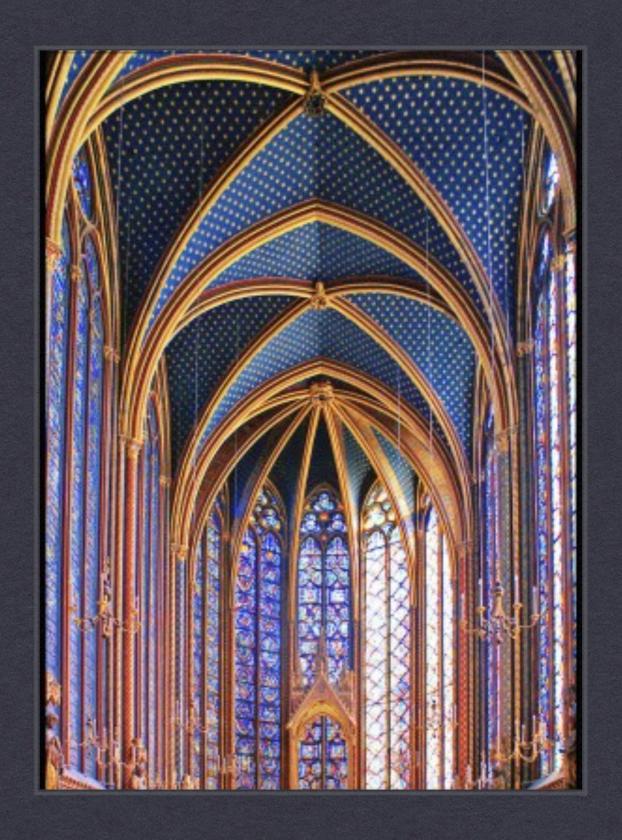


Paris | YVES FEY Wikimedia commons photograph by Didier B

STEP BACK!

WHAT DO | WANT?

First: from the customer's side



Paris | YVES FEY Wikimedia commons photograph by Didier B

Let's fill in the definition

- * What are my "planned objectives"?

 Define them as "outputs", "outcomes" or "benefits"
- * What is my "acceptance criteria"?
- * What is my "timescale"?
- * What is my "budget"?

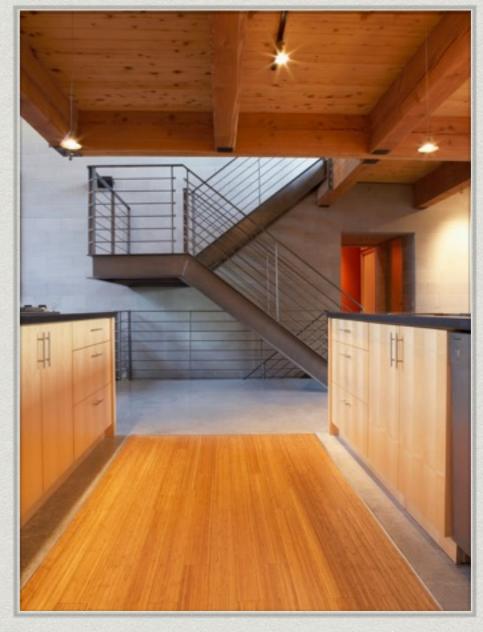
Example: building a house

- * My objective: my house
- * The output: the house
- * The outcome: move there
- * The benefit: quality of life
- * My timescale: 6 months
- * My budget: **JPY 45,000,000**



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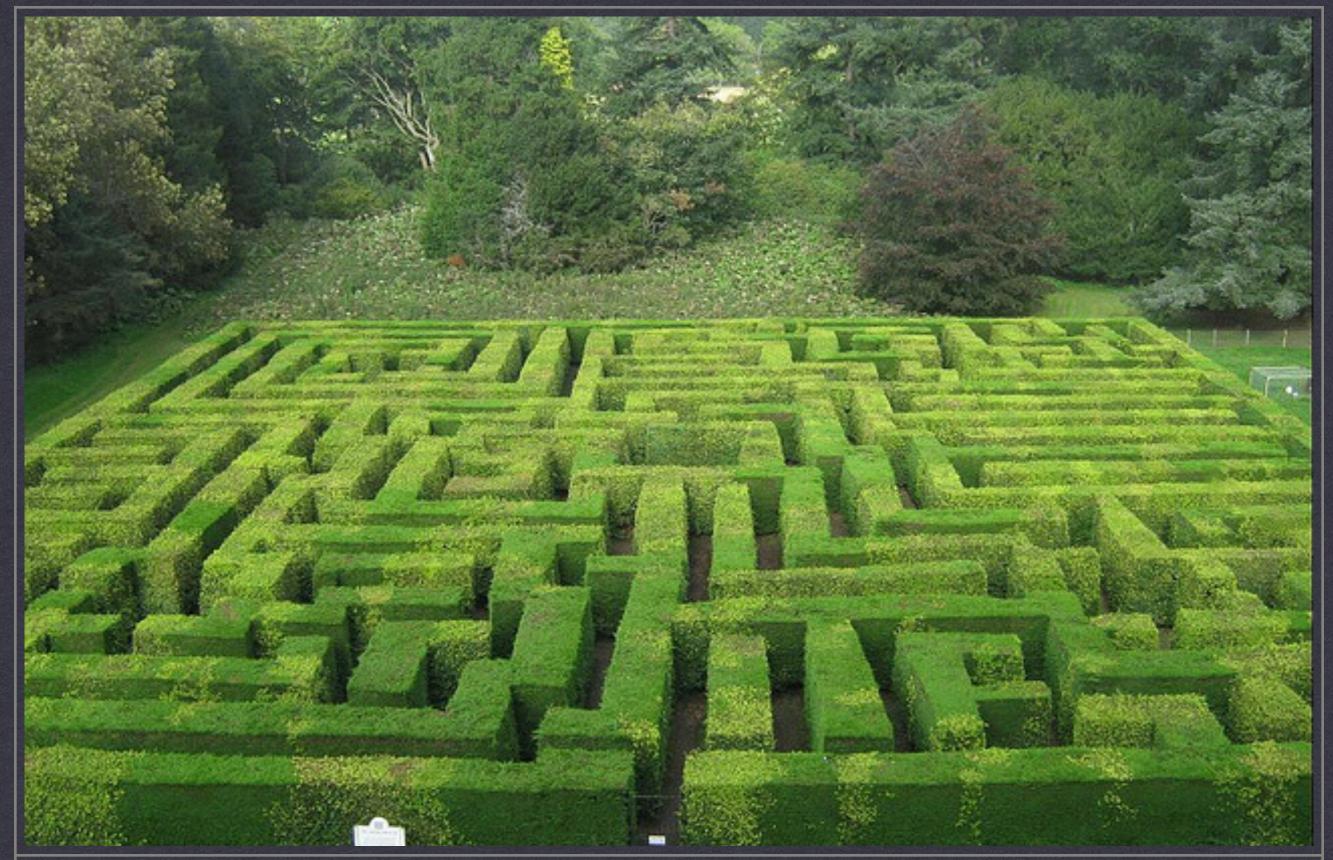
My acceptance criteria: on time, in budget, at agreed quality

Example: (yours!)

- * My objective:
- * The output:
- * The outcome:
- * The benefit:
- * My timescale:
- * My budget:



Parabolic antennas on a telecommunications tower on Willans Hill.jpg From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia



FINDING OUR WAY IN THE LABYRINTH...

Hedge maze in rear garden, Traquair House in Scotland From Wikimedia Commons, the free media repository

HOW TO DO PROJECT PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT?

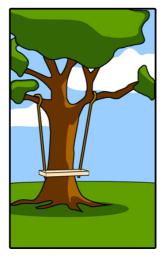
Project Management 101

- * Scope
- Resources
- Duration, Schedule
- Milestones
- Risks
- Tracking
- * Spiral

How Projects Really Work (version 1.5) Make your own version on www.projectcartoon.com



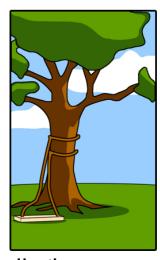
How the customer explained it



How the project leader understood it



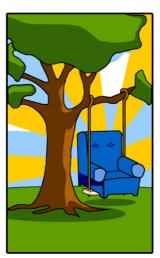
How the analyst designed it



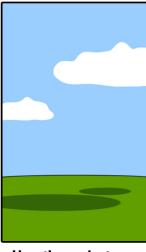
How the programmer wrote it



What the beta testers received



How the business consultant described it



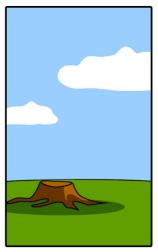
How the project was documented



What operations installed



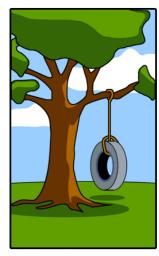
How the customer was billed



How it was supported



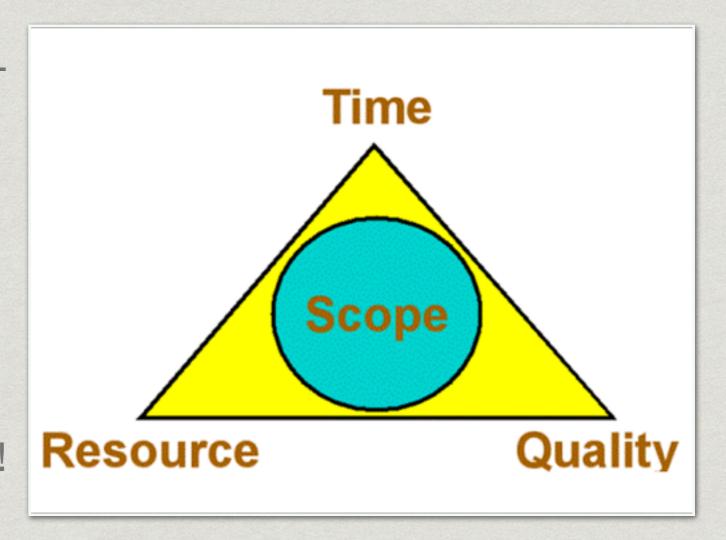
What marketing advertised



What the customer really needed

Scope

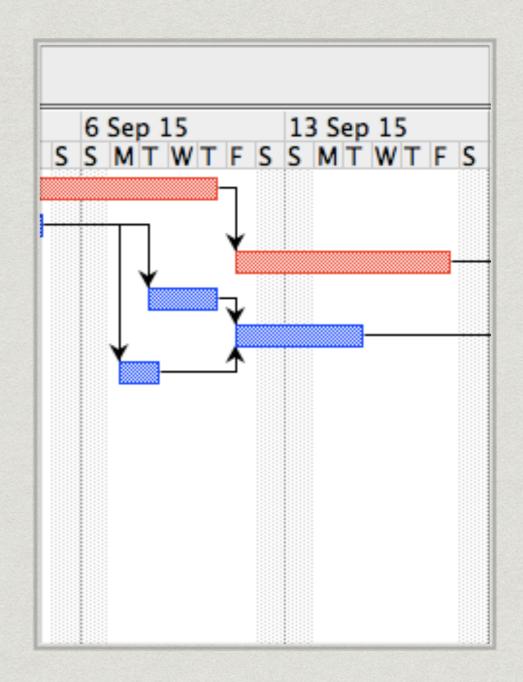
- * Start from the targets - -
- * What is included?
- * What is **not** included? (explicitly!)
- * Develop WBS
- * Look out for scope creep!



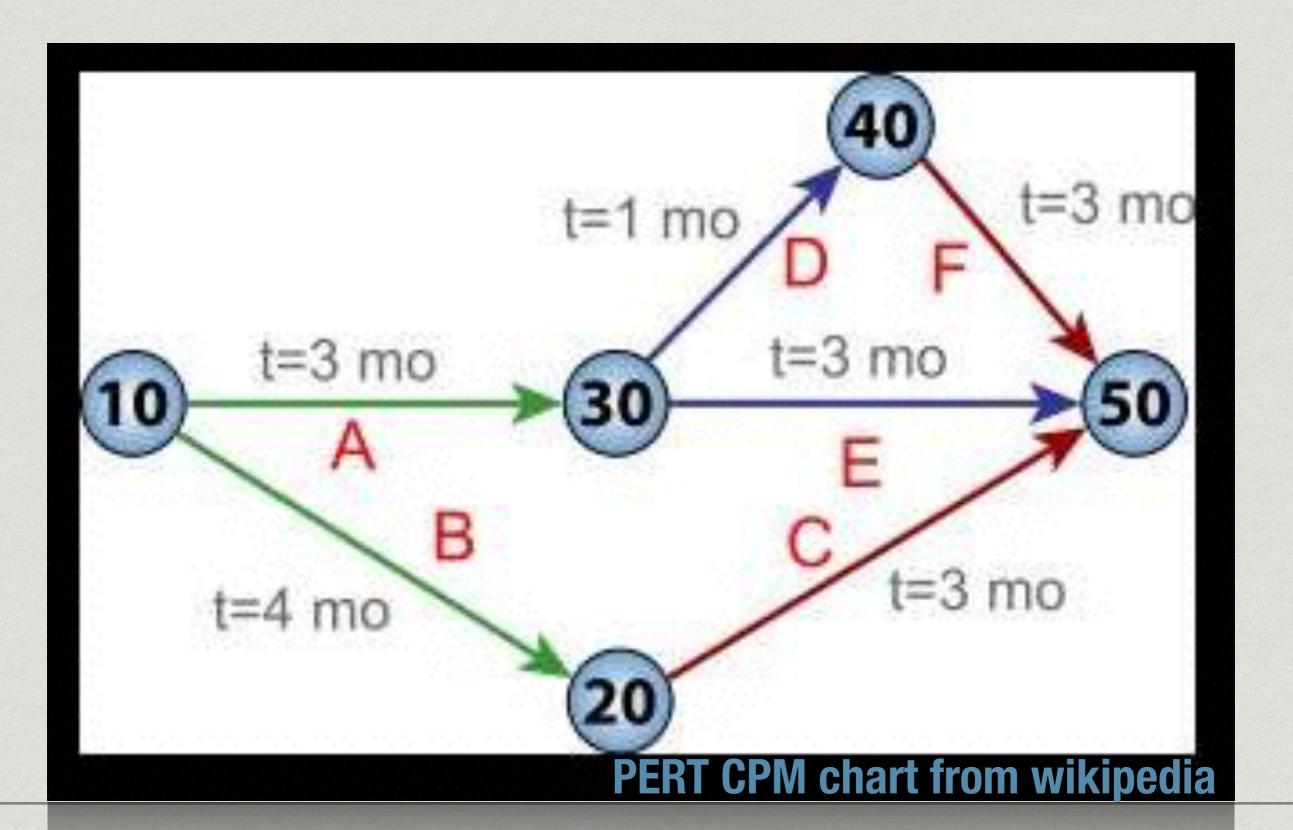
http://www.cpmscheduling.com

Schedule

- * Start from the WBS
- * Conservative estimates
- * Use a scheduling software
- * Look at the Gantt chart:

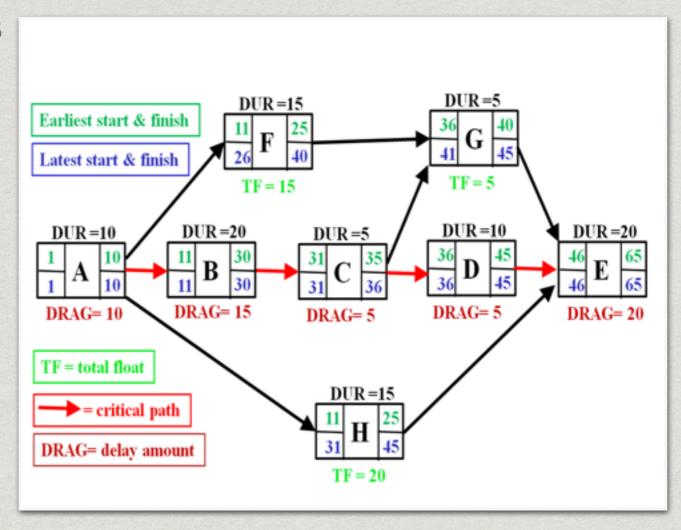


Critical Path Method



Activity-on-node diagram

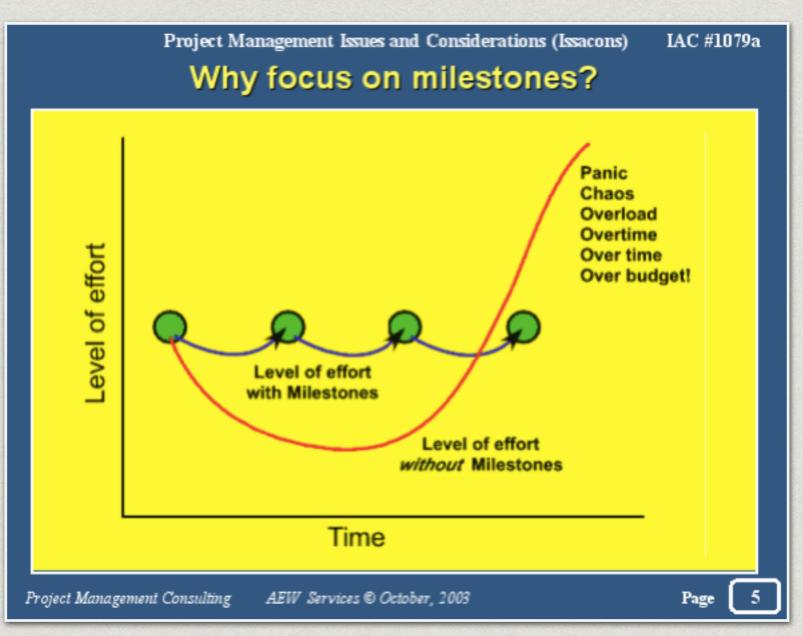
- * Activities have durations
- * Find earliest start times
- * Get earliest finish times
- * Find the critical path
- * Get latest finish times
- * This gives latest start times



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Critical_path_method

Milestones

* Keep the project from sinking!



http://managementhelp.org/

Risks

- * Risk Identification
- * Risk Analysis
- * Risk Minimization Plans
- * Contingency Plans



http://www.brighthubpm.com/risk-management/

Tracking

- * Use a web-based planner
- * Generate e-mails for issue tracking
- * Review periodically

Redmine

Administration





🝰 Groups

Roles and permissions

Trackers

Issue statuses

Workflow

Custom fields

Enumerations

Settings

B LDAP authentication

Plugins

Information

http://www.redmine.org

Coming up next:

- * Creating the project outline
- * Using project management tools
- * Developing together a prototype