

Comparative Use of Unlicensed Spectrum

Training materials for wireless trainers



The Abdus Salam
**International Centre
for Theoretical Physics**



Goals

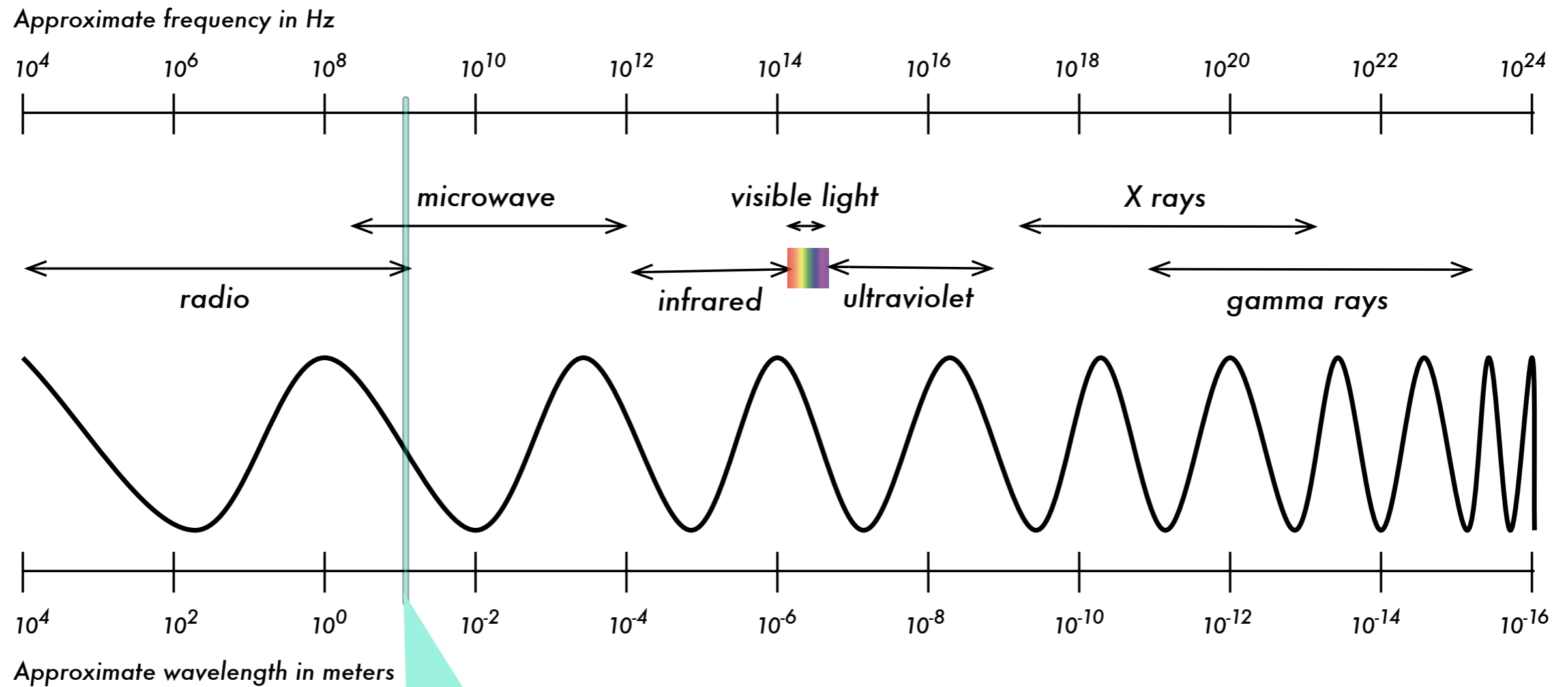
- ▶ To see the issues related with the use of a shared medium, like the unlicensed radio spectrum (specifically the 2.4 GHz ISM band).
- ▶ To identify the most common sources of interference when operating a WiFi network.
- ▶ To introduce software and hardware tools that can help identify sources of interference.

Sharing the air

These considerations are important to keep in mind when using devices that operate using unlicensed spectrum.

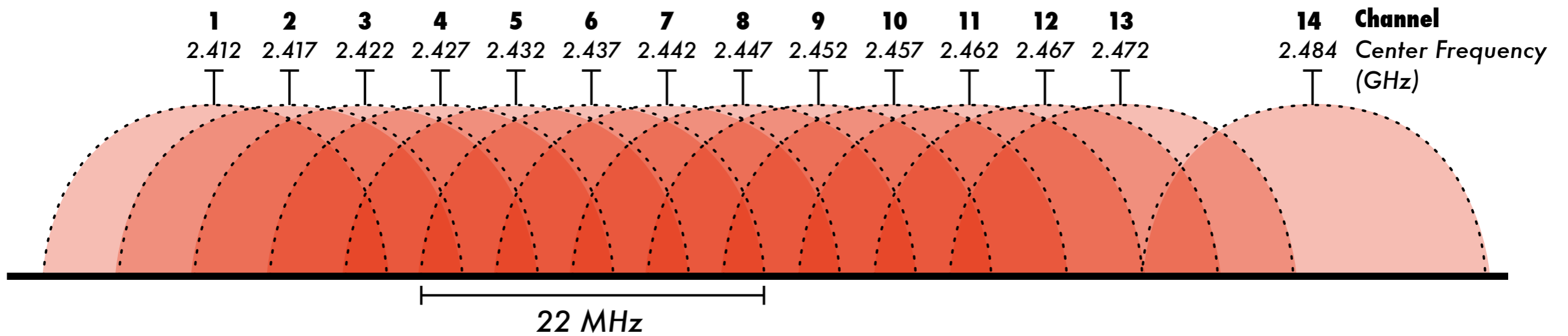
- ▶ All devices must share the available radio bandwidth.
- ▶ Devices that use different protocols are typically unaware of each other.
- ▶ This competition leads to contention, retries, noise, dropped packets, delays, or static.
- ▶ The effect and amount of interference depends on how the devices make use of the spectrum.

Electromagnetic Spectrum

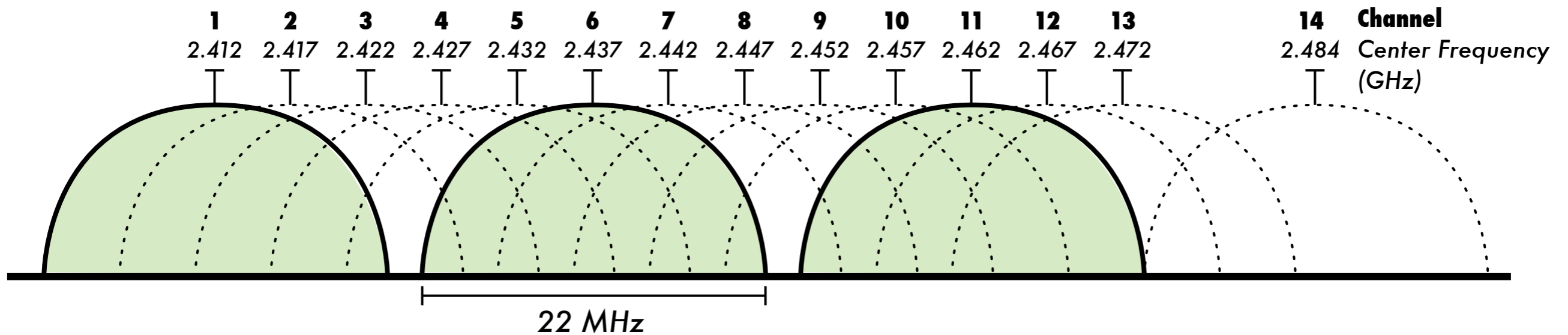


Approximate range for WiFi

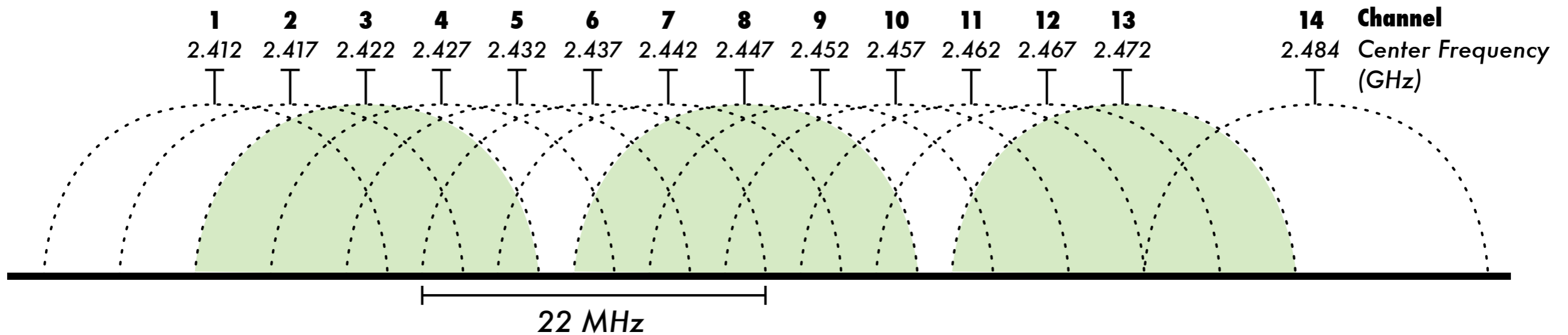
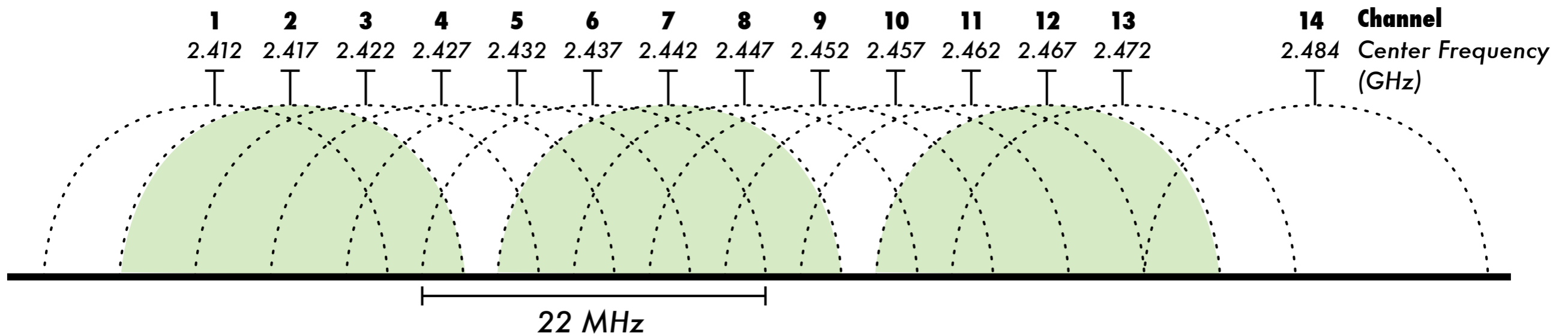
802.11 Channels



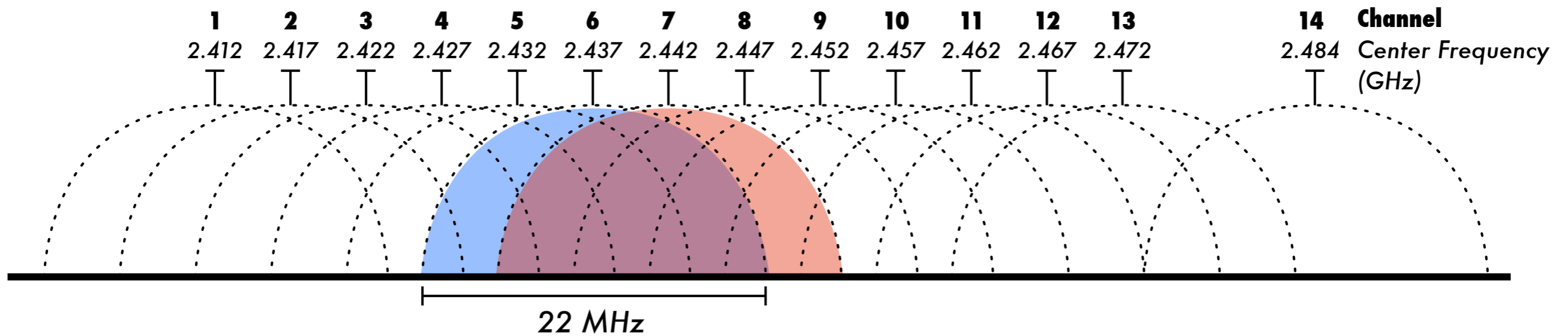
Non-overlapping channels: 1, 6, 11



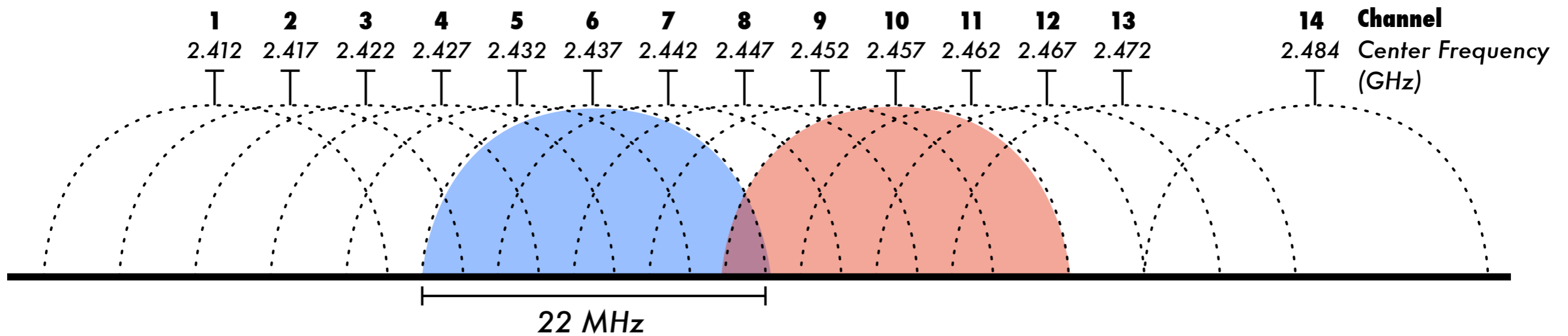
Non-overlapping channels: others



Adjacent channel interference



Non-adjacent channel interference



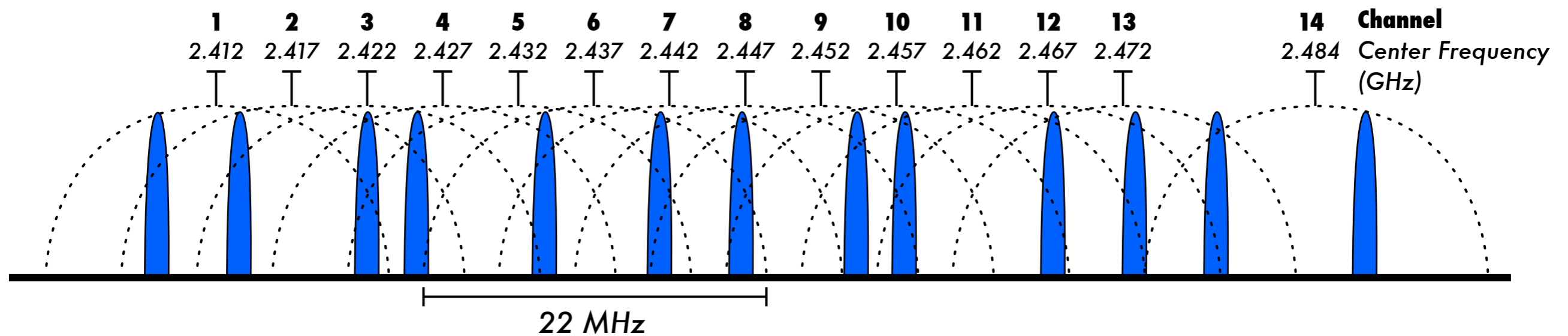
Other 2.4 GHz communications devices

Which common communication devices operate at 2.4 GHz?

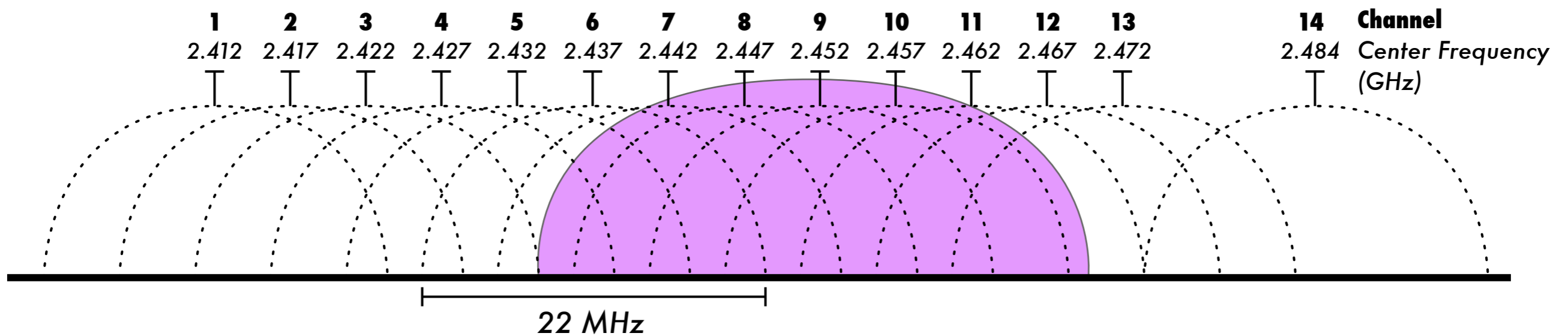
- 802.11 b/g networks
- Bluetooth devices
- Cordless phones
- Video senders
- Baby monitors



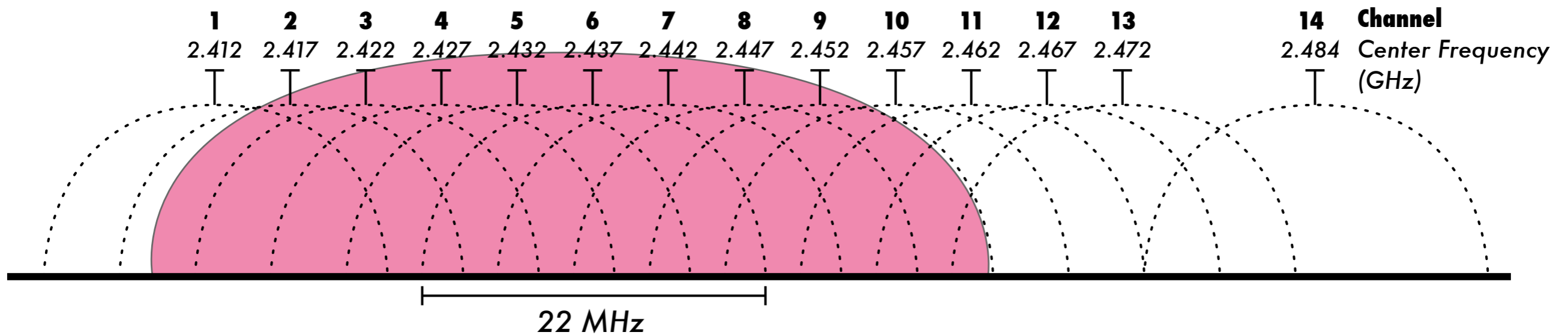
Bluetooth: frequency hopping



Cordless phones: wide channels



Video senders: extreme interference





Other sources of interference

Microwave Ovens



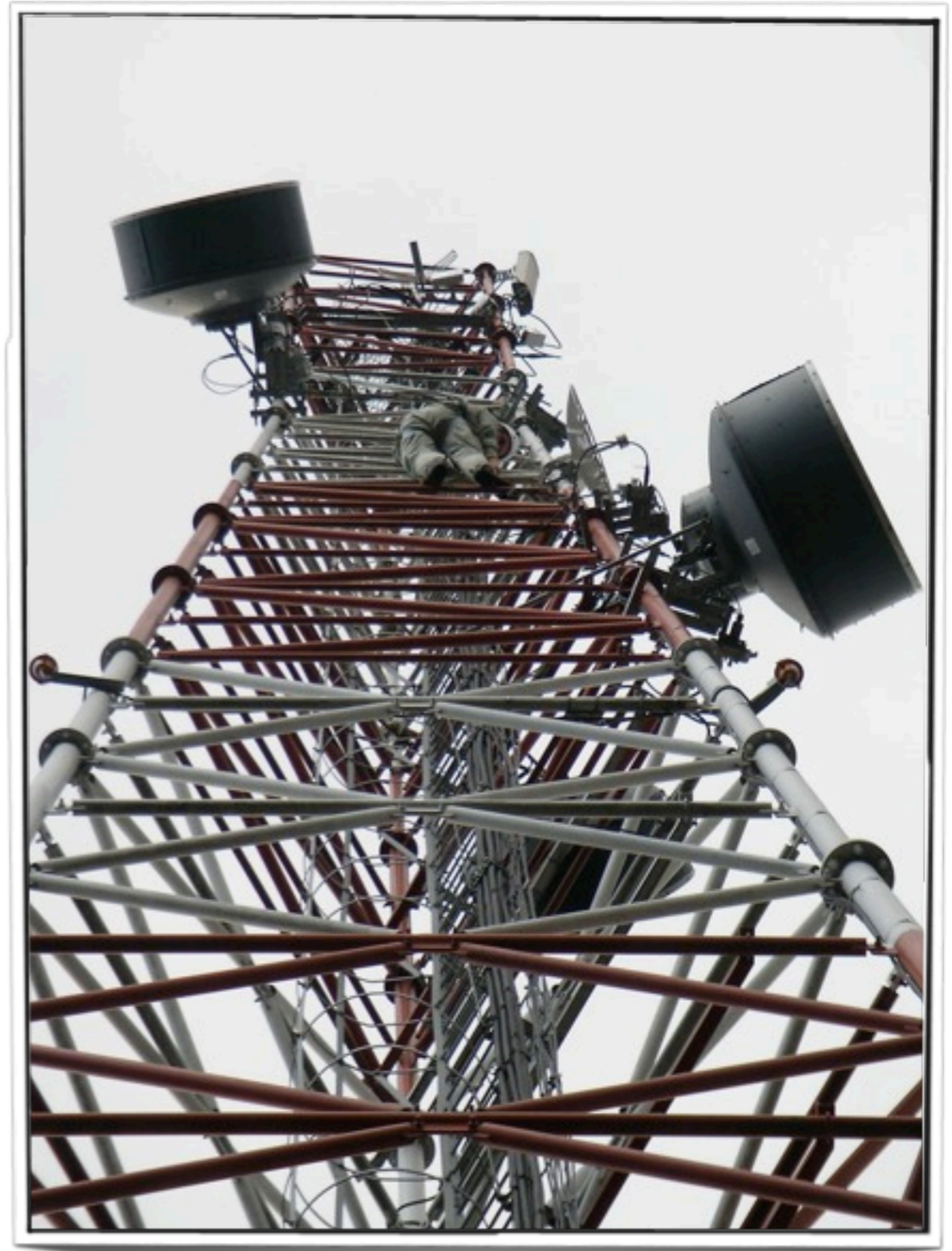
Power Supplies



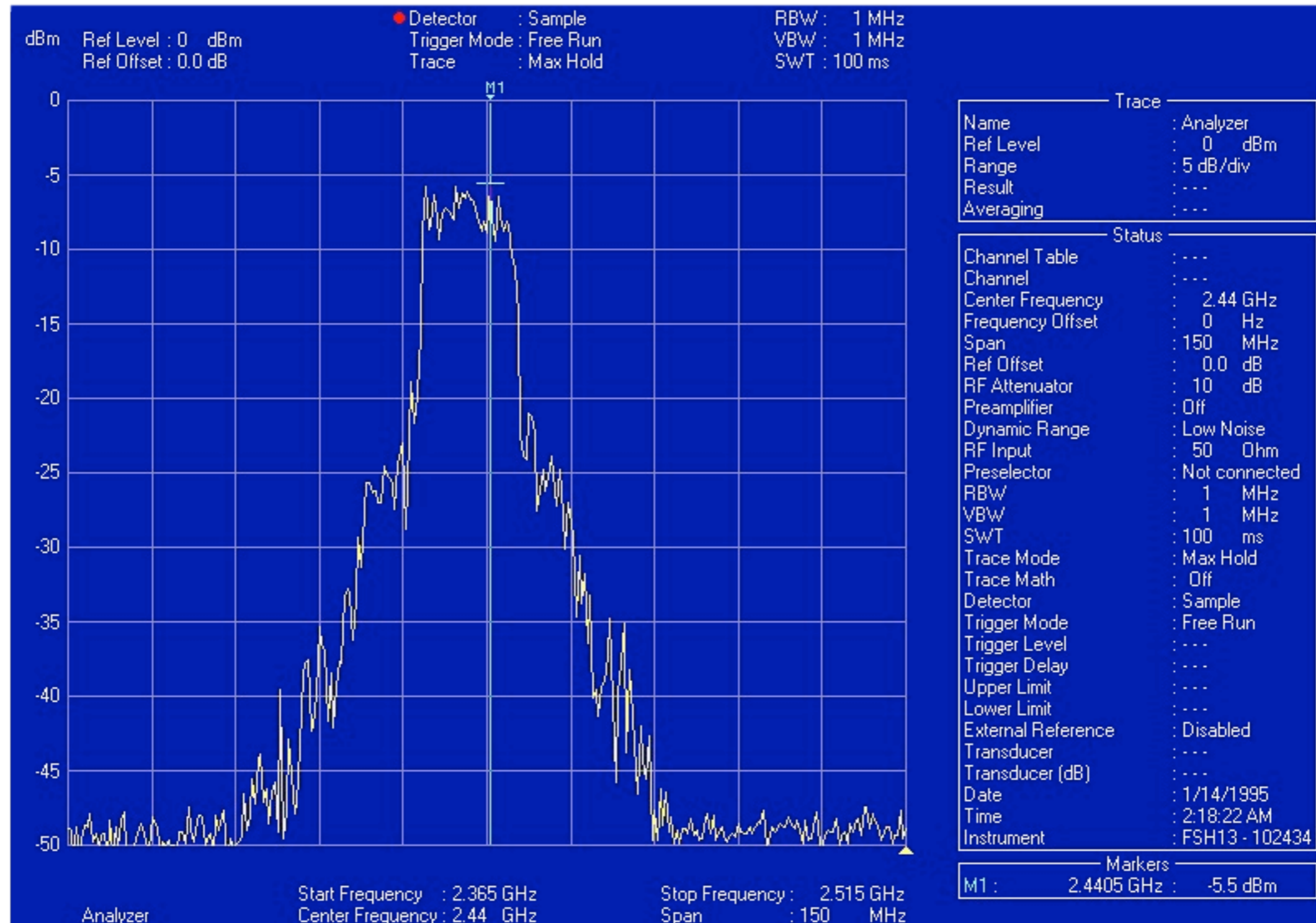
Radar stations



Other high-power radio sources



Seeing the noise

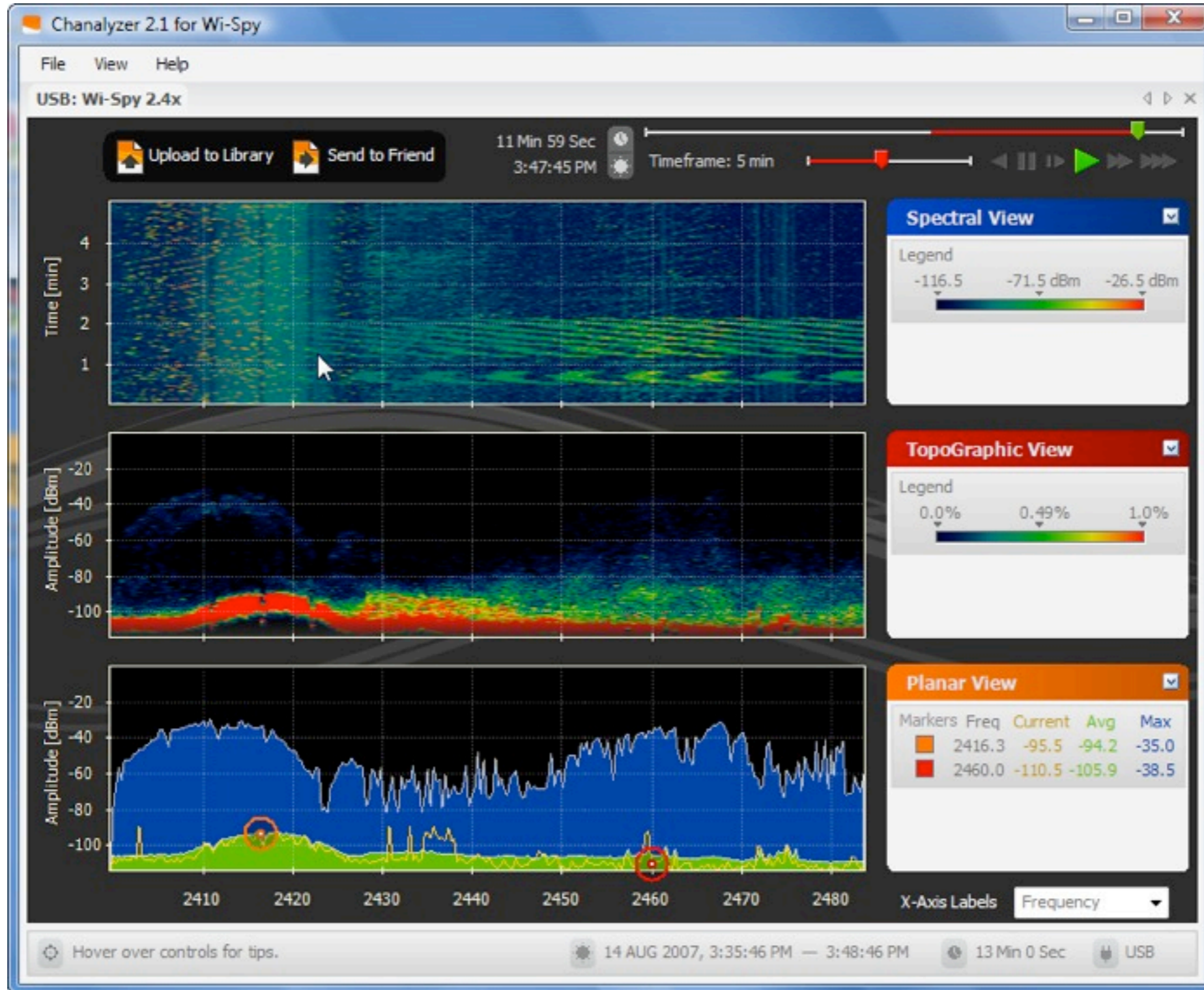


Wi-Spy spectrum analyzer

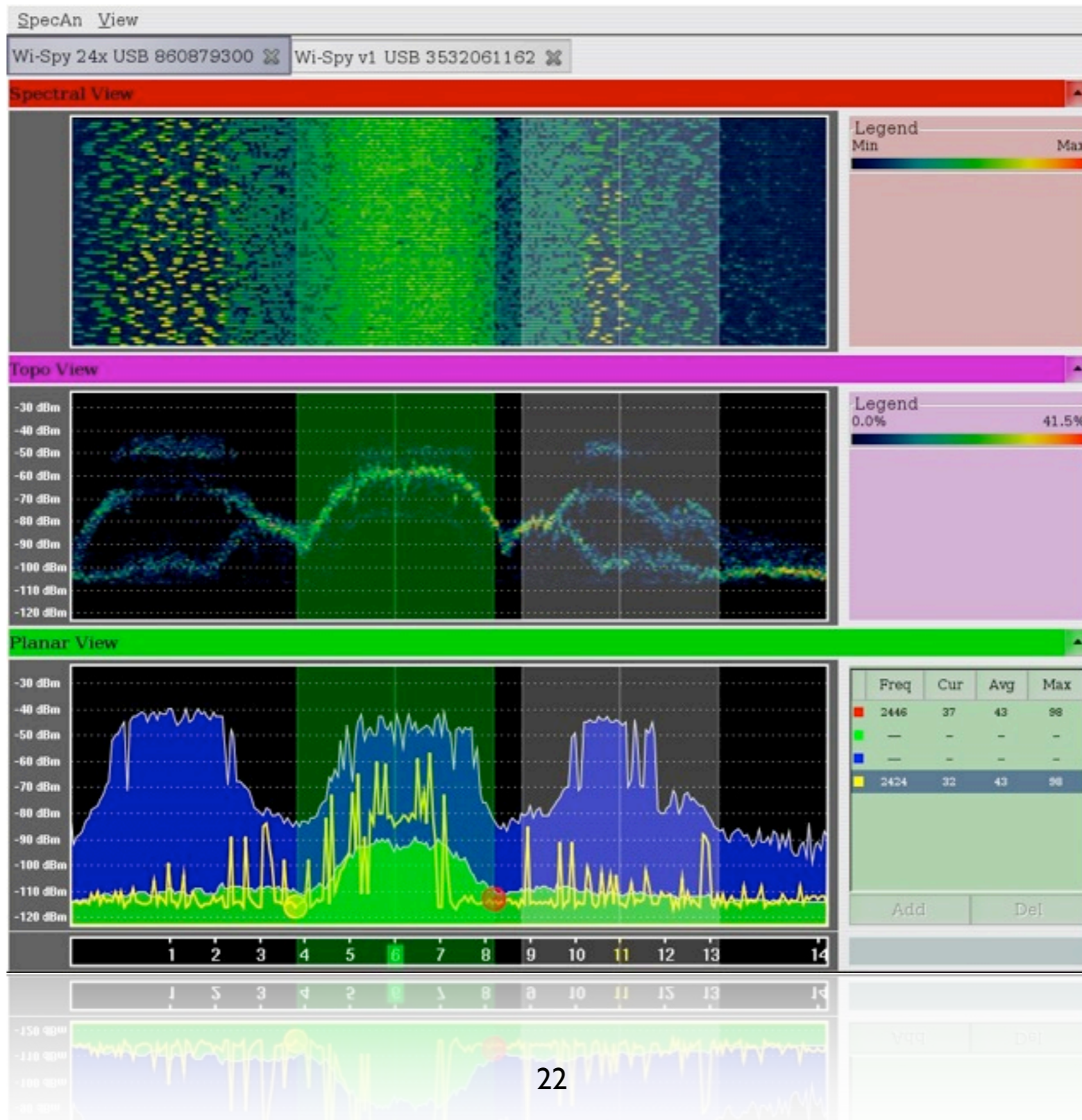
<http://www.metageek.net/>



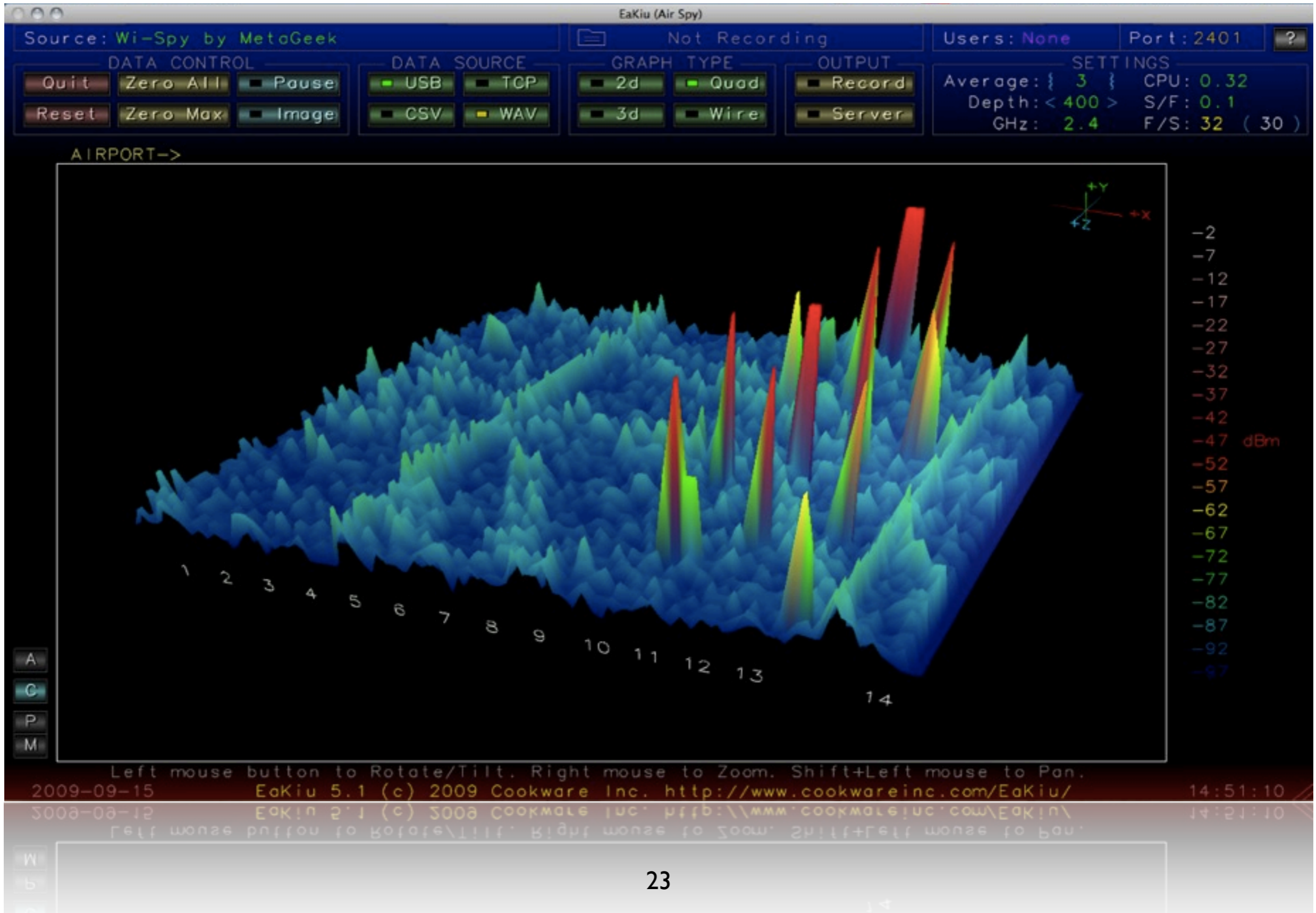
Chanalyzer



Spectools

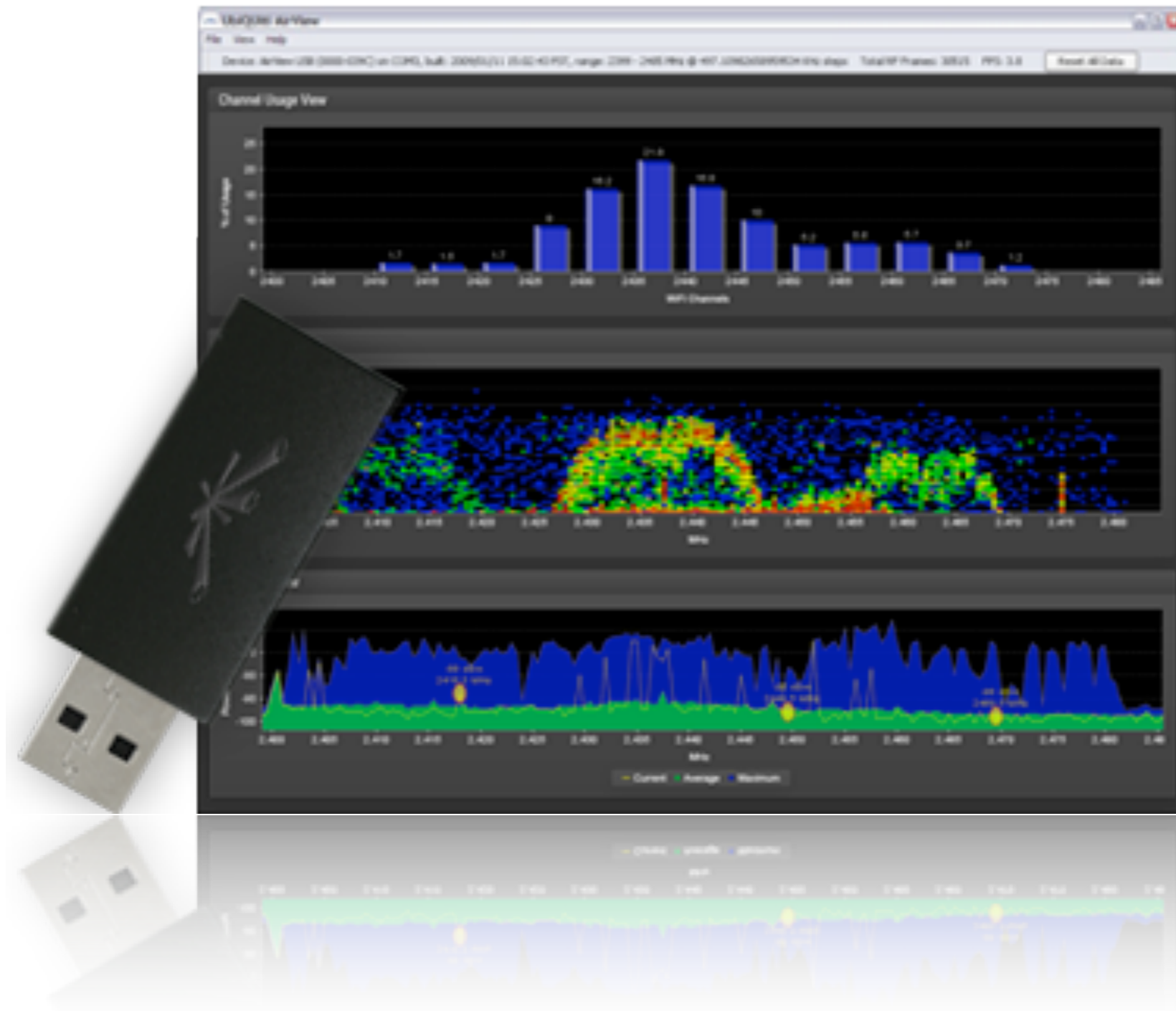


EaKiu



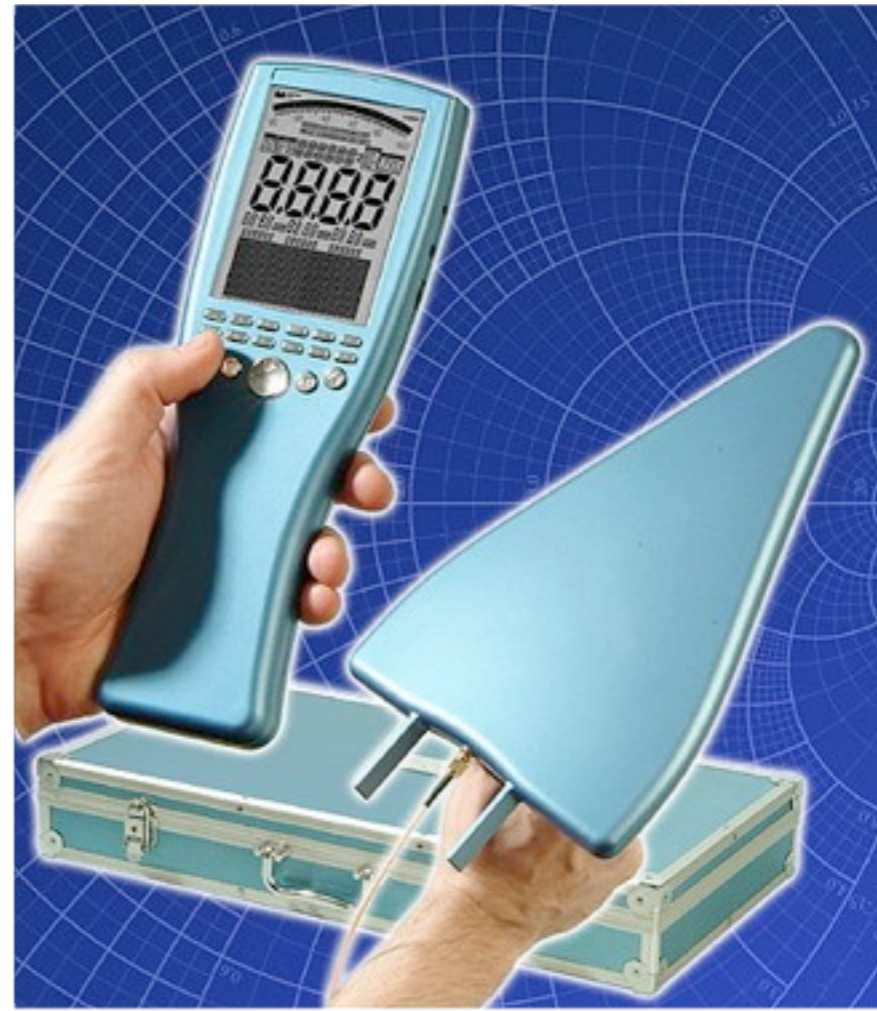
Ubiquiti AirView

<http://www.ubnt.com/>



Spectrum Analyzer

A good spectrum analyzer is usually the best (and most expensive) tool for detecting sources of interference.



Using a spectrum analyzer



Thank you for your attention

For more details about the topics presented in this lecture, please see the book **Wireless Networking in the Developing World**, available as free download in many languages at:

<http://wndw.net/>

