FRONTIERS OF RADIOCOMMUNICATIONS

1

FRONTIER TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION FORCES IMPACTING FRONTIERS

FORCES IMPACTING FRONTIERS IMT-2000 AND BEYOND (IMT-ADVANCED)

FORCES IMPACTING FRONTIERS IMT-2000 AND BEYOND (IMT-ADVANCED) IEEE STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT

FORCES IMPACTING FRONTIERS IMT-2000 AND BEYOND (IMT-ADVANCED) IEEE STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT UNDERLAYS AND INTERFERENCE

FORCES IMPACTING FRONTIERS IMT-2000 AND BEYOND (IMT-ADVANCED) IEEE STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT UNDERLAYS AND INTERFERENCE SOFTWARE AND COGNITIVE RADIOS

FORCES IMPACTING FRONTIERS IMT-2000 AND BEYOND (IMT-ADVANCED) IEEE STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT UNDERLAYS AND INTERFERENCE SOFTWARE AND COGNITIVE RADIOS RADIONAVIGATION SATELITES

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RF IDENTIFICATION TAGS

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• INTERNET

- INTERNET
- GLOBALIZATION (UNIVERSAL SWITCHED NETWORK ACCESS)
 AND LIBRALIZATION

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- EARTH ENVIRONMENT

Generations of Terrestrial Commercial Wireless Systems



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ITU-R WORKING PARTY 8F

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- WP8F IS THE GLOBAL FOCAL POINT FOR THE CONTINUING VISION OF NEXT GENERATION WIRELESS SERVICES AND SYSTEMS, ACTING AS A FORUM FOR USER REQUIREMENTS AND AS A CATALYST FOR TRANSLATING THOSE REQUIREMENTS INTO TECHNICAL REALITY
- WP8F HAS THE CHALLENGING TASK OF SUPPORTING THE NEAR TERM NEEDS OF THE IMT-2000 MARKETPLACE WHILE EXPLORING WHERE WE MIGHT GO IN THE WIRELESS WORLD OF THE FUTURE (IMT-ADVANCED)

MOBILE SERVICE STUDIES ITU-R WORKING PARTY 8F (IMT-ADVANCED)

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- GLOBAL CIRCULATION AND MUTUAL RECOGNITION AGREEMENTS

1710 - 1755 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE

1710 - 1755 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE 1755 - 1850 MHz - DEFENSE USES

1710 - 1755 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE 1755 - 1850 MHz - DEFENSE USES 2110 - 2150 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE

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1710 - 1755 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE 1755 - 1850 MHz - DEFENSE USES 2110 - 2150 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE 2160 - 2165 MHz - FIXED & MOBILE 2500 - 2690 MHz - MMDS, ITFS, BSS

Source: International Telecommunications Union, "Birth of Broadband", September 2003



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* UWB: 500 Mbit/s ** ZigBee: 250 kb/s







UNDERLAYS AND INTERFERENCE AVOIDANCE



Power at

Receive

Distance from licensed transmitting antenna

INTERFERENCE TEMPERATURE

INTERFERENCE TEMPERATURE WITH THIS CONCEPT, USING COGNITIVE

INTERFERENCE TEMPERATURE WITH THIS CONCEPT, USING COGNITIVE RADIOS, OPERATION IS BEING

INTERFERENCE TEMPERATURE WITH THIS CONCEPT, USING COGNITIVE RADIOS, OPERATION IS BEING CONSIDERED IN FIXED SERVICE, FIXED

6525-6700 MHz

6525-6700 MHz 12.75-13.15 GHz

6525-6700 MHz 12.75-13.15 GHz 13.2125-13.25 GHz

SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO

SOFTWARE DEFINED RADIO

A RADIO THAT INCLUDES A TRANSMITTER IN WHICH THE **OPERATING PARAMETERS OF** FREQUENCY RANGE, MODULATION **TYPE OR MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER** (EITHER RADIATED OR CONDUCTED) CAN BE ALTERED BY MAKING A **CHANGE IN SOFTWARE WITHOUT** MAKING ANY CHANGES TO HARDWARE COMPONENTS THAT **AFFECT THE RADIO FREQUENCY EMISSIONS** 11

COGNITIVE RADIO

COGNITIVE RADIO

COGNITIVE RADIO

A RADIO THAT SENSES ITS ENVIRONMENT AND LOCATION, AND AUTOMATICALLY ADAPTS TO THAT ENVIRONMENT MAKING USE OF AVAILABLE **SPECTRUM AND TECHNOLOGY INCLUDING FOR OVERLAYS AND** UNDERLAYS

SDR / COGNITIVE RADIO ABILITIES AND PROCESSES

SDR / COGNITIVE RADIO ABILITIES AND PROCESSES

- 1. USE "EMPTY" SPECTRUM
- 2. FILL EMPTY TIME SLOTS
- 3. VARY SIGNAL LEVELS
- 4. APPLY CODING
- 5. DIGITALLY PROCESS
- 6. VARY ROUTING
- 7. USE ADAPTIVE ANTENNAS
- 8. ENABLE BOTH NEGOTIATED AND NON-VOLUNTARY SHARING

(USED TODAY IN WIRELESS LANS AND MOBILE SERVICE NETWORKS BOTH ON A MULTIBAND AND MULTIFUNCTION BASIS)

GLOBAL POSITIONING (RADIONAVIGATION SATELLITE SERVICE)

GLOBAL POSITIONING (RADIONAVIGATION SATELLITE SERVICE)
GPS

GPS GLONASS

GPS GLONASS GALILEO

GPS GLONASS GALILEO NEW JAPANESE SYSTEM

• BSS SHARING WITH NGSO FSS OPERATIONS IS FEASIBLE

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- TERRESTRIAL MVDDS CAN OPERATE AT 12 GHz Ku BAND ON NON-HARMFUL INTERFERENCE BASIS

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 RULES IN PLACE FOR AGGREGATION
- INTERFERENCE TESTING MANDATORY

 51.4 - 52.6 GHz AND 58.2 - 59 GHz ALLOCATED TO FIXED AND MOBILE SERVICES TO INTERCONNECT MOBILE SERVICE BASE STATIONS AND OTHER SYSTEMS

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- 57 64 GHz UNLICENSED ALLOCATION (HIGH O₂ ABSORPTION) TO PROVIDE 7 GHz OF VERY HIGH SPEED AND/OR HIGH BANDWIDTH COMMUNICATION OVER SHORT DISTANCES, AND FOR NETWORKING BACKBONE PURPOSES IN CONGESTED AREAS

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- 64 66 GHz ALLOCATED TO FIXED AND MOBILE SERVICES, EXCEPT AMS TO I NTERCONNECT MOBILE SERVICE BASE STATIONS AND OTHER SYSTEMS
- 65 71 GHz ALLOCATED TO INTERSATELLITE SERVICE FOR SATELLITE NETWORK INTERCONNECTIONS PROMOTING VIDEO TELEPHONY, MEDICAL AND TECHNICAL TELE-IMAGING, HIGH SPEED DATA NETWORKS, AND BANDWIDTH-ON-DEMAND FOR CONSUMERS

RAPID TRANSPORTATION

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES PALLETS

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES PALLETS PERSONNEL ENTRY

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES PALLETS PERSONNEL ENTRY LIBRARY MANAGEMENT

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES PARLETS PERSONNEL ENTRY LIBRARY MANAGEMENT FINANCIAL PROTECTION

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PRODUCT INVENTORY

Source: TIA, "The Economic and Social Benefits of Broadband Deployment", October 2003

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES PARKING GATES PALLETS PERSONNEL ENTRY LIBRARY MANAGEMENT FINANCIAL PROTECTION "BEST CUSTOMER" CARDS

PRODUCT INVENTORY PRODUCT DISTRIBUTION

RAPID TRANSPORTATION RAIL CARS TOLLBOOTH PASSES PARKING GATES PARLLETS PERSONNEL ENTRY LIBRARY MANAGEMENT FINANCIAL PROTECTION "BEST CUSTOMER" CARDS

PRODUCT INVENTORY PRODUCT DISTRIBUTION AIRLINE LUGGAGE / SECURITY

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PRODUCT INVENTORY PRODUCT DISTRIBUTION AIRLINE LUGGAGE / SECURITY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE

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COURTESY OF INTERMEC TECHNOLOGIES SOURCE: WASHINGTON POST

RFID TAG CONTAINING A MICROCHIP SURROUNDED BY COPPER STRANDS THAT ACT AS AN ANTENNA

CURRENT RFID TAG TYPES BY FORM, DIMENSIONS, AND MAIN APPLICATION

TECHNOLOGY – UWB?

FORM	DIMENSIONS	MAIN APPLICATION
DISK	SEVERAL mm TO TENS OF mm	•CLOTHING MANAGEMENT •TAGS FOR EMBEDDING IN DEVICES
TUBE	SEVERAL mm TO TENS OF mm	•ANIMAL / AQUATIC MANAGEMENT •PALLET MANAGEMENT
LABEL	SEVERAL mm TO TENS OF mm	•TAGS FOR POINT-OF-SERVICE PAYMENT •DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT •FREIGHT MANAGEMENT
CARD	85 x 54 x SEVERAL mm	 •PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION PASSES •TELEPHONE CARDS •ID CARDS FOR ENTRY / EXIT
BOX	50 x 50 x 10 mm ~	•VEHICLE MANAGEMENT •CONTAINER MANAGEMENT 19

SOURCE: NEW BREEZE, ITU ASSOCIATION OF JAPAN 2004


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 ADVANCED DIGITAL PROCESSING AND MODULATION

- ADVANCED DIGITAL PROCESSING AND MODULATION
- MULTIPLE CARRIERS

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- SERVICE OUT TO ≈ TWO KILOMETERS

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- SERVICE OUT TO \approx TWO KILOMETERS
- 2 to 80 MHz BANDWIDTHS - UP to 80 MHz RF

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- MULTIPLE CARRIERS
- SERVICE OUT TO \approx TWO KILOMETERS
- 2 to 80 MHz BANDWIDTHS - UP to 80 MHz RF
- TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACCESS TO NEIGHBORHOODS OR TO BUILDINGS OR HOMES WHERE EXISTS POWER INFRASTRUCTURE

• COMPETITION TO DSL, CABLE, AND SATELLITE

- COMPETITION TO DSL, CABLE, AND SATELLITE
- ACCESS TO WHEREVER THERE IS MAINS POWER

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- REDUNDANCY AT LOW COST

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- ACCESS TO WHEREVER THERE IS MAINS POWER
- REDUNDANCY AT LOW COST
- BETTER MANAGEMENT OF ELECTRIC GRIDS
- SMART HOME APPLICANCES
- REMOTE NOTIFICATION (SECURITY, TRAFFIC, REMOTE METER READING, INTERNET CONNECTIVITY)

UNLICENSED

UNLICENSED NO HARMFUL INTERFERENCE

UNLICENSED NO HARMFUL INTERFERENCE MUST ACCEPT INTERFERENCE

UNLICENSED NO HARMFUL INTERFERENCE MUST ACCEPT INTERFERENCE LIMITED RF EMISSION (TABLE)

UNLICENSED NO HARMFUL INTERFERENCE MUST ACCEPT INTERFERENCE LIMITED RF EMISSION (TABLE) 12 AERONAUTICAL BANDS RESTRICTED (TABLE)

UNLICENSED NO HARMFUL INTERFERENCE MUST ACCEPT INTERFERENCE LIMITED RF EMISSION (TABLE) 12 AERONAUTICAL BANDS RESTRICTED (TABLE) REQUIRED CONSULTATION WITH PUBLIC SAFETY AND AERONAUTICAL SITES

UNLICENSED NO HARMFUL INTERFERENCE MUST ACCEPT INTERFERENCE LIMITED RF EMISSION (TABLE) 12 AERONAUTICAL BANDS RESTRICTED (TABLE) REQUIRED CONSULTATION WITH PUBLIC SAFETY AND AERONAUTICAL SITES EXCLUSION ZONES 2182 kHz WITHIN 1 km OF A MARITIME STATION 73-74.6 MHz WITHIN 29 km (OVERHEAD) AND 11 km (UNDERGROUND) OF RADIOASTRONOMY

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BPL EXCLUDED AERONAUTICAL FREQUENCIES

2850 – 3025 kHz	3400 – 3500 kHz	4650 – 4700 kHz
5450 – 5680 kHz	6525 – 6685 kHz	8815 – 8965 kHz
10005 – 10100 kHz	11275 – 11400 kHz	13260 – 13360 kHz
17900 – 17970 kHz	21924 – 22000 kHz	74.8 – 75.2 MHz

• HOW ARE INTERACTIVE MULTIMEDIA APPLICATIONS OF TERRESTRIAL FIXED, MOBILE, AND BROADCASTING SERVICES CONVERGING TECHNICALLY?

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- HOW DOES TECHNICAL CONVERGENCE IMPACT ON THE NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL RADIO REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT?
- IF TECHNICAL CONVERGENCE IMPACTS THE SERVICE DEFINITIONS OF THE RADIO REGULATIONS, HOW SHOULD THE DEFINITIONS (FIXED, MOBILE, AND BROADCASTING) BE REVISED?

BROADCAST (ITU-R SG 6) STUDIES

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STUDY GROUP 6 STUDIES TERRESTRIAL AND SATELLITE BROADCASTING FROM END-TO-END, INCLUDING VISION, SOUND, **MULTIMEDIA AND DATA SERVICES INTENDED FOR THE GENERAL PUBLIC. USE IS MADE OF POINT-TO-EVERYWHERE INFORMATION DELIVERY. WHEN RETURN CHANNELS ARE REQUIRED FOR ACCESS CONTROL, E.G., INTERACTIVITY, AN ASYMMETRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE IS USED.**

• 88 - 108 MHz BAND

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- EXISTING FM RADIO STATIONS USE EITHER +/- 75 kHz DEVIATION AT 200 kHz CHANNEL SEPARATION, OR +/- 50 kHz DEVIATION AT 100 kHz CHANNEL SEPARATION

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- IBOC DIGITAL SIGNAL INSERTED ~20 dB BELOW THE ANALOG FM SIGNAL

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- IBOC DIGITAL SIGNAL INSERTED ~20 dB BELOW THE ANALOG FM SIGNAL
- OTHER STANDARDS BEING DISCUSSED INTERNATIONALLY WITH THE HOPE OF FINDING A COMMON GLOBAL STANDARD
DIGITAL SOUND BROADCASTING BELOW 30 MHz

DIGITAL SOUND BROADCASTING BELOW 30 MHz

THE WORLD BROADCASTING UNION AND THE ITU HAVE BEEN COOPERATING IN SUPPORT OF STUDIES LEADING TO THE ADOPTION OF SINGLE WORLDWIDE BROADCASTING STANDARDS, PARTICULARLY:

- SINGLE COMMON DIGITAL SOUND BROADCAST SYSTEM IN LF, MF, AND HF
- DIGITAL CODING AND MODULATION COMPATIBLE WITH EXISTING STATION PLANNING
- WHAT ARE ADVANTAGES OVER ANALOG?
- WHAT ARE NEW SERVICES?
- COMPLEXITY OF DUAL STANDARD (ANALOG AND

 HIGH DEFINITION DEFINED AS EQUIVALENT TO A 35 mm CINEMA PICTURE

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GEOSTATIONARY ORBIT

















JAPAN PLANS, STARTING IN 2006, TO

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(MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL

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(MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL AND SONY HAVE PUBLISHED AN INTERMIM REPORT, JULY 2005)
TECHNOLOGY CONTINUES TO EVOLVE



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NEW COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY 6 GIGABYTES STORAGE IN A SMALL PACKAGE - 2005



MOORE'S LAW

FAMOUS FORECAST BY INTEL FOUNDER GORDON MOORE: THE NUMBER OF TRANSISTORS ON A CHIP WOULD ROUGHLY DOUBLE EVERY TWO YEARS

INTEL HAS ACHIEVED A MILESTONE IN SHRINKING THE SIZE OF TRANSISTORS TO POWER ITS NEXT-GENERATION CHIPS TO 35 NANOMETERS

EVEN CURRENT 90 NANOMETER TRANSISTORS HAVE PROBLEMS WITH HEAT AND POWER DISSIPATION

65 NANOMETER TRANSISTORS DELIVERED IN 2005

35 NANOMETER TRANSISTORS (30% SMALLER THAN TODAY'S STATE-OF-THE-ART CHIPS) ARE USED ON 70 MBIT MEMORY CHIPS

POSSIBLE WITH NEW MATERIALS, PROCESSES, AND CHIP STRUCTURES

SLEEP TRANSISTORS SHUT OFF ELECTRICAL CURRENT TO CHIP PARTS (NOT BEING USED) à DECREASING HEAT GENERATION AND HELPING BATTERY-POWERED DEVICES LAST LONGER

MOORE'S LAW HOLDS

NEW COMPUTER CHIPS MULTIPLE FUNCTIONS REPLACE SPEED AS MAIN FEATURE

NEW CHIPS SIMULTANEOUSLY RUN MULTIPLE TASKS SUCH AS BURNING CDS AND WORD PROCESSING

WORLD'S BIGGEST SEMICONDUCTOR MAKER DESIGNING CHIPS WITH MORE THAN ONE PROCESSOR

"A SEA CHANGE IN COMPUTING" – MOVING FROM FASTER CHIPS TO MULTIPLE FUNCTION CHIPS

TRADITION HAS BEEN INCREASING CHIP "CLOCKSPEED" (NUMBER OF CALCULATIONS PER SECOND)

"CLOCKSPEED" TODAY IS 36 TIMES FASTER THAN IN 1995, BUT USERS WANT FEATURES SUCH AS A LONGER BATTERY LIFE, SURROUND SOUND, AND MULTIPLE FUNCTIONS

EACH NEW CHIP HAS ON THE ORDER OF 2 MILLION TRANSISTORS

SOURCE: WASHINGTON POST

GENERIC "S-CURVE"



Time

"S-CURVES" FOR VARIOUS TECHNOLOGIES



GLOBAL DIGITAL MOBILE AND INTERNET S-CURVES



Mobile Telephone Penetration

Internet Penetration

Source: ITU World Telecommunication Indicators Database.